

MSDS for: LN-700

Revised: 12-Feb-2009

SECTION 1:

PRODUCT IDENTIFIER: LN-700 LATEX CONSTRUCTION ADHESIVE VOC COMPLIANT
DATE OF PREPARATION: NOVEMBER 3, 2008
PRODUCT USE: ADHESIVE

MANUFACTURED BY: AKZO NOBEL
15885 WEST SPRAGUE ROAD
STRONGSVILLE, OHIO 44136, U.S.A.

AKZO NOBEL (CANADA)
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CONCORD, ONTARIO L4K 2A5, CANADA

EMERGENCY AND MSDS TELEPHONE NUMBER: 1-800-545-2643

MSDS PREPARED BY: PRODUCT SAFETY AND COMPLIANCE DEPARTMENT
AKZO NOBEL NORTH AMERICA

SECTION 2: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

INGREDIENT	WT. %
CHEMICAL NAME: POLYVINYL ACETATE COPOLYMER COMMON NAME: POLYVINYL ACETATE EMULSION CAS NUMBER: CONFIDENTIAL	20-30
CHEMICAL NAME: VINYL ACETATE MONOMER COMMON NAME: VINYL ACETATE MONOMER CAS NUMBER: 108-05-4	0.1-1.0
CHEMICAL NAME: LIMESTONE COMMON NAME: LIMESTONE CAS NUMBER: 1317-65-3	20-30
CHEMICAL NAME: KAOLIN COMMON NAME: CLAY CAS NUMBER: 1332-58-7	1-5
CHEMICAL NAME: TITANIUM OXIDE COMMON NAME: TITANIUM DIOXIDE CAS NUMBER: 13463-67-7	0.1-1.0
CHEMICAL NAME: QUARTZ COMMON NAME: QUARTZ CAS NUMBER: 14808-60-7	0.1-1.0
CHEMICAL NAME: FORMALDEHYDE COMMON NAME: FORMALDEHYDE CAS NUMBER: 50-00-0	0.01-1

CHEMICAL NAME:	1,2-PROPANEDIOL	1-5
COMMON NAME:	PROPYLENE GLYCOL	
CAS NUMBER:	57-55-6	
CHEMICAL NAME:	WATER	30-40
COMMON NAME:	WATER	
CAS NUMBER:	7732-18-5	

SECTION 3: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

PRIMARY ROUTE(S) OF EXPOSURE: INHALATION, SKIN CONTACT, EYE CONTACT, INGESTION

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE

INHALATION:	IRRITATION OF RESPIRATORY TRACT. PROLONGED INHALATION MAY LEAD TO HEADACHE, NAUSEA, PNEUMOCONIOSIS.
SKIN CONTACT:	IRRITATION OF SKIN. PROLONGED OR REPEATED CONTACT CAN CAUSE DERMATITIS. POSSIBLE SENSITIZATION TO SKIN. SKIN CONTACT MAY RESULT IN DERMAL ABSORPTION OF COMPONENT(S) OF THIS PRODUCT WHICH MAY CAUSE HEADACHE, NAUSEA, CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM DEPRESSION.
EYE CONTACT:	IRRITATION OF EYES. PROLONGED OR REPEATED CONTACT CAN CAUSE TEARING OF EYES, REDNESS OF EYES.
INGESTION:	INGESTION MAY CAUSE MOUTH AND THROAT IRRITATION, NAUSEA, VOMITING, GASTRO-INTESTINAL DISTURBANCES, ABDOMINAL PAIN, CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM DEPRESSION, KIDNEY DAMAGE.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE

EYE, SKIN, RESPIRATORY DISORDERS, LUNG DISORDERS

SECTION 4: FIRST-AID MEASURES

INHALATION:	REMOVE TO FRESH AIR. RESTORE AND SUPPORT CONTINUED BREATHING. GET EMERGENCY MEDICAL ATTENTION. HAVE TRAINED PERSON GIVE OXYGEN IF NECESSARY. GET MEDICAL HELP FOR ANY BREATHING DIFFICULTY.
SKIN CONTACT:	WASH THOROUGHLY WITH SOAP AND WATER. IF ANY PRODUCT REMAINS, GENTLY RUB PETROLEUM JELLY, VEGETABLE OR MINERAL/BABY OIL ONTO SKIN. REPEATED APPLICATIONS MAY BE NEEDED. REMOVE CONTAMINATED CLOTHING. WASH CONTAMINATED CLOTHING BEFORE RE-USE.
EYE CONTACT:	FLUSH IMMEDIATELY WITH LARGE AMOUNTS OF WATER, ESPECIALLY UNDER LIDS FOR AT LEAST 15 MINUTES. IF IRRITATION OR OTHER EFFECTS PERSIST, OBTAIN MEDICAL TREATMENT.

INGESTION: IF SWALLOWED, OBTAIN MEDICAL TREATMENT IMMEDIATELY.

SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

FLASH POINT (SETA): ABOVE 200F/93C LOWER EXPLOSIVE LIMIT: NOT AVAILABLE
UPPER EXPLOSIVE LIMIT: 12.6 %

FIRE EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: DRY CHEMICAL OR FOAM, WATER FOG, CARBON DIOXIDE

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS

CLOSED CONTAINERS MAY EXPLODE WHEN EXPOSED TO EXTREME HEAT OR FIRE. VAPORS ARE HEAVIER THAN AIR AND MAY TRAVEL LONG DISTANCES TO A SOURCE OF IGNITION AND FLASH BACK. VAPORS CAN FORM EXPLOSIVE MIXTURES IN AIR AT ELEVATED TEMPERATURES. CLOSED CONTAINERS MAY BURST IF EXPOSED TO EXTREME HEAT OR FIRE. MAY DECOMPOSE UNDER FIRE CONDITIONS EMITTING IRRITANT AND/OR TOXIC GASES.

FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES

WATER MAY BE USED TO COOL AND PROTECT EXPOSED CONTAINERS. FIREFIGHTERS SHOULD USE FULL PROTECTIVE CLOTHING, EYE PROTECTION, AND SELF-CONTAINED BREATHING APPARATUS.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION OR COMBUSTION PRODUCTS

CARBON MONOXIDE, CARBON DIOXIDE, ALDEHYDES, TOXIC GASES,
PROPIONALDEHYDE, ACETIC ACID, ACETALDEHYDE, OXIDES OF CALCIUM,
SMOKE

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED

COMPLY WITH ALL APPLICABLE HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATIONS. VENTILATE AREA. EVACUATE ALL UNNECESSARY PERSONNEL. PLACE COLLECTED MATERIAL IN PROPER CONTAINER. SPILLED MATERIAL IS EXTREMELY SLIPPERY. COMPLETE PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT MUST BE USED DURING CLEANUP.

LARGE SPILLS: SHUT OFF LEAK IF SAFE TO DO SO. DIKE AND CONTAIN SPILL. PUMP TO STORAGE OR SALVAGE VESSELS. USE ABSORBENT TO PICK UP EXCESS RESIDUE. KEEP SALVAGEABLE MATERIAL AND RINSE WATER OUT OF SEWERS AND WATER COURSES.

SMALL SPILLS: USE ABSORBENT TO PICK UP RESIDUE AND DISPOSE OF PROPERLY.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

STORE BELOW 100F (38C). KEEP AWAY FROM HEAT, SPARKS AND OPEN FLAME. KEEP FROM FREEZING.

OTHER PRECAUTIONS

USE ONLY WITH ADEQUATE VENTILATION. DO NOT TAKE INTERNALLY. KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN. AVOID CONTACT WITH SKIN AND EYES, AND BREATHING OF VAPORS. WASH HANDS THOROUGHLY AFTER HANDLING, ESPECIALLY BEFORE EATING OR SMOKING. KEEP CONTAINERS TIGHTLY CLOSED AND UPRIGHT WHEN NOT IN USE.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

COMMON NAME: VINYL ACETATE MONOMER
CAS NUMBER: 108-05-4
ACGIH(TWA): 10 PPM
ACGIH(STEL): 15 PPM

COMMON NAME: LIMESTONE
CAS NUMBER: 1317-65-3
ACGIH(TWA): 10 MG/M3 OSHA(TWA): 5 MG/M3

COMMON NAME: CLAY
CAS NUMBER: 1332-58-7
ACGIH(TWA): 2 MG/M3 OSHA(TWA): 5 MG/M3

COMMON NAME: TITANIUM DIOXIDE
CAS NUMBER: 13463-67-7
ACGIH(TWA): 10 MG/M3 OSHA(TWA): 10 MG/M3

COMMON NAME: QUARTZ
CAS NUMBER: 14808-60-7
ACGIH(TWA): 0.025 MG/M3 OSHA(TWA): 0.1 MG/M3

COMMON NAME: FORMALDEHYDE
CAS NUMBER: 50-00-0
OSHA(TWA): 0.75 PPM
ACGIH(STEL): C 0.3PPM OSHA(STEL): 2 PPM

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

CONTROL ENVIRONMENTAL CONCENTRATIONS BELOW APPLICABLE EXPOSURE STANDARDS WHEN USING THIS MATERIAL. WHEN RESPIRATORY PROTECTION IS DETERMINED TO BE NECESSARY, USE A NIOSH/MSHA (CANADIAN Z94.4) APPROVED ELASTOMERIC SEALING-SURFACE FACEPIECE RESPIRATOR OUTFITTED WITH ORGANIC VAPOR CARTRIDGES AND PAINT SPRAY (DUST/MIST) PREFILTERS. DETERMINE THE PROPER LEVEL OF PROTECTION BY CONDUCTING APPROPRIATE AIR MONITORING. CONSULT 29CFR1910.134 FOR SELECTION OF RESPIRATORS (CANADIAN Z94.4).

VENTILATION

PROVIDE DILUTION VENTILATION OR LOCAL EXHAUST TO PREVENT BUILD-UP OF VAPORS.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

EYE WASH, SAFETY SHOWER, SAFETY GLASSES OR GOGGLES,
IMPERVIOUS GLOVES, IMPERVIOUS CLOTHING

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

VAPOR PRESSURE:	NOT AVAILABLE	SPECIFIC GRAVITY:	1.334
BOILING RANGE (F/C):	212-374/100-190	WEIGHT PER GALLON:	11.11/13.34 IMP
APPEARANCE:	TAN	%VOLATILE BY VOLUME:	53.47
PHYSICAL STATE:	PASTE	SOLUBLE IN WATER:	YES
PH:	8.15		

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

UNDER NORMAL CONDITIONS: STABLE (SEE SECTION 5 FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES)

MATERIALS TO AVOID: OXIDIZERS, ACIDS, BASES, AMMONIUM SALTS, NITRIC ACID, HYDROFLUORIC ACID, MINERAL ACIDS, STYRENE MONOMER

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: ELEVATED TEMPERATURES, CONTACT WITH OXIDIZING AGENT, FREEZING

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: WILL NOT OCCUR

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

COMMON NAME:	POLYVINYL ACETATE EMULSION			
CAS NUMBER:	CONFIDENTIAL			
CARCINOGENICITY LISTED BY:	NTP NO	IARC NO	OSHA NO	ACGIH NO

COMMON NAME:	VINYL ACETATE MONOMER			
CAS NUMBER:	108-05-4			
CARCINOGENICITY LISTED BY:	NTP NO	IARC YES 2B	OSHA NO	ACGIH NO
LD50:	2335.00 MG/KG SKN RBT			
LD50:	2920.00 MG/KG ORL RAT			
LC50:	4000.00 PPM IHL PIG			

COMMON NAME:	LIMESTONE			
CAS NUMBER:	1317-65-3			
CARCINOGENICITY LISTED BY:	NTP NO	IARC NO	OSHA NO	ACGIH NO
LD50:	6450.00 MG/KG ORL RAT			

COMMON NAME:	CLAY			
CAS NUMBER:	1332-58-7			
CARCINOGENICITY LISTED BY:	NTP NO	IARC NO	OSHA NO	ACGIH NO

COMMON NAME:	TITANIUM DIOXIDE			
CAS NUMBER:	13463-67-7			
CARCINOGENICITY LISTED BY:	NTP YES 2B	IARC YES 2B	OSHA NO	ACGIH NO
LD50:	24.00 GM/KG ORL RAT			
LC50:	6820.00 MG/M3/4HR IHL RAT			

COMMON NAME:	QUARTZ			
CAS NUMBER:	14808-60-7			
CARCINOGENICITY LISTED BY:	NTP YES	IARC YES 1	OSHA NO	ACGIH YES A2

COMMON NAME: FORMALDEHYDE
CAS NUMBER: 50-00-0
CARCINOGENICITY LISTED BY: NTP YES IARC YES 1 OSHA YES ACGIH YES A2
LD50: 100.00 MG/KG ORL RAT
LC50: 203.00 MG/M3 IHL PIG

COMMON NAME: PROPYLENE GLYCOL
CAS NUMBER: 57-55-6
CARCINOGENICITY LISTED BY: NTP NO IARC NO OSHA NO ACGIH NO
LD50: 20.00 GM/KG ORL RAT
LD50: 20.80 GM/KG SKN RBT

SUPPLEMENTAL HEALTH INFORMATION

NO ADDITIONAL EFFECTS ARE ANTICIPATED

CARCINOGENICITY: CONTAINS FORMALDEHYDE, A POTENTIAL CANCER HAZARD. RATS EXPOSED TO FORMALDEHYDE VIA INHALATION DEVELOPED CANCER OF THE NASAL CAVITY. EVIDENCE IN HUMANS IS LIMITED (NASAL AND NASOPHARYNGEAL CANCER). FORMALDEHYDE IS LISTED AS A CARCINOGEN BY OSHA, PROBABLE HUMAN CARCINOGEN (GROUP 2A) BY IARC, AND ANTICIPATED HUMAN CARCINOGEN BY NTP. OVEREXPOSURE CAN CAUSE EYE, SKIN, AND RESPIRATORY TRACT IRRITATION, AND SKIN AND RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION. CONTAINS CRYSTALLINE SILICA WHICH IS CONSIDERED A HAZARD BY INHALATION. IARC HAS CLASSIFIED CRYSTALLINE SILICA AS CARCINOGENIC TO HUMANS (GROUP 1). CRYSTALLINE SILICA IS ALSO A KNOWN CAUSE OF SILICOSIS, A NONCANCEROUS LUNG DISEASE. THE NATIONAL TOXICOLOGY PROGRAM (NTP) HAS CLASSIFIED CRYSTALLINE SILICA AS A KNOWN HUMAN CARCINOGEN. TREATMENT RELATED NASAL TUMORS WERE OBSERVED IN RATS AND MICE EXPOSED TO VINYL ACETATE VIA INHALATION AT 600 PPM FOR 2 YEARS. IN A LIFETIME INHALATION STUDY, EXPOSURE TO 250 MG/M3 TITANIUM DIOXIDE RESULTED IN THE DEVELOPMENT OF LUNG TUMORS IN RATS. THESE TUMORS OCCURRED ONLY AT DUST LEVELS THAT OVERWHELMED THE ANIMALS' LUNG CLEARANCE MECHANISMS AND WERE DIFFERENT FROM COMMON HUMAN LUNG TUMORS IN BOTH TYPE AND LOCATION. THE RELEVANCE OF THESE FINDINGS TO HUMANS IS UNKNOWN BUT QUESTIONABLE. THE INTERNATIONAL AGENCY FOR RESEARCH ON CANCER (IARC) HAS CLASSIFIED TITANIUM DIOXIDE AS POSSIBLY CARCINOGENIC TO HUMANS (GROUP 2B) BASED ON INADEQUATE EVIDENCE OF CARCINOGENICITY IN HUMANS AND SUFFICIENT EVIDENCE OF CARCINOGENICITY IN EXPERIMENTAL ANIMALS.

REPRODUCTIVE EFFECTS: NO REPRODUCTIVE EFFECTS ARE ANTICIPATED

MUTAGENICITY: NO MUTAGENIC EFFECTS ARE ANTICIPATED

TERATOGENICITY: NO TERATOGENIC EFFECTS ARE ANTICIPATED

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

NO ECOLOGICAL TESTING HAS BEEN DONE BY AKZO NOBEL ON THIS PRODUCT AS A WHOLE.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

WASTE DISPOSAL: DISPOSE IN ACCORDANCE WITH ALL APPLICABLE REGULATIONS. AVOID DISCHARGE TO NATURAL WATERS.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT: CAULKING COMPOUND
IMDG: NOT AVAILABLE
IATA: NOT AVAILABLE
TDG: NOT AVAILABLE

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

	SARA 302	SARA 313	CERCLA 302.4	HAZ AIR POLLUTANT	MARINE POLTNT
CAS NUMBER: 108-05-4 COMMON NAME: VINYL ACETATE MONOMER	YES	YES	YES	YES	NO
CAS NUMBER: 50-00-0 COMMON NAME: FORMALDEHYDE	YES	YES	YES	YES	NO

AS OF THE DATE OF THIS MSDS, ALL OF THE COMPONENTS IN THIS PRODUCT ARE LISTED (OR ARE OTHERWISE EXEMPT FROM LISTING) ON THE TSCA INVENTORY. THIS PRODUCT HAS BEEN CLASSIFIED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE HAZARD CRITERIA OF THE CPR (CONTROLLED PRODUCTS REGULATIONS) AND THE MSDS CONTAINS ALL THE INFORMATION REQUIRED BY THE CPR.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

THE INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS BASED ON DATA AVAILABLE AT THE TIME OF PREPARATION OF THIS DATA SHEET AND WHICH AKZO NOBEL BELIEVES TO BE RELIABLE. HOWEVER, NO WARRANTY IS EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED REGARDING THE ACCURACY OF THIS DATA. AKZO NOBEL SHALL NOT BE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE USE OF THIS INFORMATION, OR OF ANY PRODUCT, METHOD OR APPARATUS MENTIONED AND YOU MUST MAKE YOUR OWN DETERMINATION OF ITS SUITABILITY AND COMPLETENESS FOR YOUR OWN USE, FOR THE PROTECTION OF THE ENVIRONMENT, AND THE HEALTH AND SAFETY OF YOUR EMPLOYEES AND USERS OF THIS MATERIAL. COMPLIES WITH OSHA HAZARD COMMUNICATION STANDARD 29CFR1910.1200.